

## SAFETY DATA SHEET

### 1. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MATERIAL AND SUPPLIER

#### 1.1 Product identifier

**Product name** READYCLEAN  
**Synonyms** INHIBITED HYDROCHLORIC ACID • READY CLEAN

#### 1.2 Uses and uses advised against

**Uses** ACIDIC DETERGENT • METAL CLEANING AGENT

#### 1.3 Details of the supplier of the product

**Supplier name** CHALLENGE CHEMICALS AUST.  
**Address** 6 Butcher St, Kwinana Beach, WA, 6167, AUSTRALIA  
**Telephone** (08) 9419 5577  
**Email** [sales@challengechemicals.com.au](mailto:sales@challengechemicals.com.au)  
**Website** <http://www.challengechemicals.com.au>

#### 1.4 Emergency telephone numbers

**Emergency** 0414 586 164

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

CLASSIFIED AS HAZARDOUS ACCORDING TO SAFE WORK AUSTRALIA CRITERIA

##### Physical Hazards

Corrosive to Metals: Category 1

##### Health Hazards

Skin Corrosion/Irritation: Category 1B  
Serious Eye Damage / Eye Irritation: Category 1  
Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure): Category 3 (Respiratory Irritation)

##### Environmental Hazards

Not classified as an Environmental Hazard

#### 2.2 GHS Label elements

**Signal word** DANGER

##### Pictograms



##### Hazard statements

H290 May be corrosive to metals.  
H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.  
H318 Causes serious eye damage.  
H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

**PRODUCT NAME READYCLEAN****Prevention statements**

|      |   |
|------|---|
| P234 | Keep only in original packaging.  |
| P260 | Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.  |
| P264 | Wash thoroughly after handling.   |
| P271 | Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.   |
| P280 | Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection. |

**Response statements**

|                    |  |
|--------------------|--|
| P301 + P330 + P331 | IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.   |
| P303 + P361 + P353 | IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.                              |
| P304 + P340        | IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.   |
| P305 + P351 + P338 | IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. |
| P310               | Immediately call a POISON CENTRE or doctor/physician.  |
| P321               | Specific treatment is advised - see first aid instructions.  |
| P363               | Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.   |
| P390               | Absorb spillage to prevent material damage.  |

**Storage statements**

|             |  |
|-------------|--|
| P403 + P233 | Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.     |
| P405        | Store locked up.   |
| P406        | Store in corrosive resistant container with a resistant inner liner. |

**Disposal statements**

|      |  |
|------|--|
| P501 | Dispose of contents/container in accordance with relevant regulations. |
|------|--|

**2.3 Other hazards**

No information provided.

---

**3. COMPOSITION/ INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

---

**3.1 Substances / Mixtures**

| Ingredient        | CAS Number | EC Number | Content   |
|-------------------|------------|-----------|-----------|
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID | 7647-01-0  | 231-595-7 | 10 to 30% |
| WATER             | 7732-18-5  | 231-791-2 | Remainder |
| ADDITIVE(S)       | -          | -         | <1%       |

---

**4. FIRST AID MEASURES**

---

**4.1 Description of first aid measures**

|                             |  |
|-----------------------------|--|
| <b>Eye</b>                  | If in eyes, hold eyelids apart and flush continuously with running water. Continue flushing until advised to stop by a Poisons Information Centre, a doctor, or for at least 15 minutes.   |
| <b>Inhalation</b>           | If inhaled, remove from contaminated area. To protect rescuer, use a Full-face Type B (Inorganic and acid gas) respirator or an Air-line respirator (in poorly ventilated areas). Apply artificial respiration if not breathing. |
| <b>Skin</b>                 | If skin or hair contact occurs, remove contaminated clothing and flush skin and hair with running water.   |
| <b>Ingestion</b>            | For advice, contact a Poisons Information Centre on 13 11 26 (Australia Wide) or a doctor (at once). If swallowed, do not induce vomiting.   |
| <b>First aid facilities</b> | Eye wash facilities and safety shower should be available.   |

**4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed**

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

**4.3 Immediate medical attention and special treatment needed**

CORROSIVE POISONING TREATMENT: Immediate treatment preferably in a hospital is mandatory. It is also important to attempt to discover the chemical substances ingested. In treating corrosive poisoning, DO NOT INDUCE VOMITING; DO NOT ATTEMPT GASTRIC LAVAGE; and DO NOT ATTEMPT TO NEUTRALISE THE CORROSIVE SUBSTANCE. Vomiting will increase the severity of damage to the oesophagus as the corrosive substance will again come in contact with it. Attempting gastric lavage may result in perforating either the oesophagus or stomach. Immediately dilute the corrosive substance by having the patient drink milk or water. If the trachea has been damaged tracheostomy may be required. For oesophageal burns begin broad-spectrum antibiotics and corticosteroid therapy. Intravenous fluids will be required if oesophageal or gastric damage prevents ingestion of liquids. Long-range therapy will be directed toward preventing or treating oesophageal scars and strictures.

---

**5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES**

---

**5.1 Extinguishing media**

Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

**5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture**

Non flammable. May evolve toxic gases (chlorides) when heated to decomposition. May evolve flammable hydrogen gas when in contact with some metals.

**5.3 Advice for firefighters**

Evacuate area and contact emergency services. Toxic gases may be evolved in a fire situation. Remain upwind and notify those downwind of hazard. Wear full protective equipment including Self Contained Breathing Apparatus (SCBA) when combating fire. Use waterfog to cool intact containers and nearby storage areas.

**5.4 Hazchem code**

2R  
2      Fine Water Spray.  
R      Wear liquid-tight chemical protective clothing and breathing apparatus. Dilute spill and run-off.

---

**6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

---

**6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures**

Wear Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) as detailed in section 8 of the SDS. Clear area of all unprotected personnel. Ventilate area where possible. Contact emergency services where appropriate.

**6.2 Environmental precautions**

Prevent product from entering drains and waterways.

**6.3 Methods of cleaning up**

Contain spillage, then cover / absorb spill with sodium bicarbonate or 50-50 mixture of sodium carbonate and calcium hydroxide. Collect for complete neutralisation and appropriate disposal.

**6.4 Reference to other sections**

See Sections 8 and 13 for exposure controls and disposal.

---

**7. HANDLING AND STORAGE**

---

**7.1 Precautions for safe handling**

Before use carefully read the product label. Use of safe work practices are recommended to avoid eye or skin contact and inhalation. Observe good personal hygiene, including washing hands before eating. Prohibit eating, drinking and smoking in contaminated areas.

**7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities**

Store in a secured, cool, dry, well ventilated area, removed from incompatible substances, heat or ignition sources and foodstuffs. Ensure containers are adequately labelled, protected from physical damage and sealed when not in use. Check regularly for leaks or spills. Large storage areas should have appropriate ventilation and fire protection systems.

**7.3 Specific end uses**

No information provided.

---

**8. EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

---

**8.1 Control parameters****Exposure standards**

| Ingredient                            | Reference      | TWA      |                   | STEL |                   |
|---------------------------------------|----------------|----------|-------------------|------|-------------------|
|                                       |                | ppm      | mg/m <sup>3</sup> | ppm  | mg/m <sup>3</sup> |
| Hydrogen chloride                     | SWA [Proposed] | 2 (Peak) | 2.98 (Peak)       | --   | --                |
| Hydrogen chloride (Hydrochloric acid) | SWA [AUS]      | 5 (Peak) | 7.5 (Peak)        | --   | --                |

**Biological limits**

No biological limit values have been entered for this product.

**8.2 Exposure controls**

**Engineering controls**    Avoid inhalation. Use in well ventilated areas. Where an inhalation risk exists, mechanical extraction ventilation is recommended. Maintain vapour levels below the recommended exposure standard.

**PPE**

|                    |   |
|--------------------|---|
| <b>Eye / Face</b>  | Wear splash-proof goggles. When using large quantities or where heavy contamination is likely, wear a faceshield.                                 |
| <b>Hands</b>       | Wear full-length PVC or full-length rubber gloves.  |
| <b>Body</b>        | Wear coveralls and rubber boots and a PVC apron.  |
| <b>Respiratory</b> | Where an inhalation risk exists, wear a Full-face Type B (Inorganic and Acid gas) respirator. At high vapour levels, wear an Air-line respirator. |



---

**9. PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

---

**9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties**

|                                  |                                   |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| <b>Appearance</b>                | CLEAR COLOURLESS TO YELLOW LIQUID |
| <b>Odour</b>                     | CHARACTERISTIC ACID ODOUR         |
| <b>Flammability</b>              | NON FLAMMABLE                     |
| <b>Flash point</b>               | NOT RELEVANT                      |
| <b>Boiling point</b>             | 108.6°C                           |
| <b>Melting point</b>             | 46.2°C                            |
| <b>Evaporation rate</b>          | AS FOR WATER                      |
| <b>pH</b>                        | < 1                               |
| <b>Vapour density</b>            | NOT AVAILABLE                     |
| <b>Relative density</b>          | 1.09                              |
| <b>Solubility (water)</b>        | SOLUBLE                           |
| <b>Vapour pressure</b>           | 23 mm Hg @ 20°C                   |
| <b>Upper explosion limit</b>     | NOT RELEVANT                      |
| <b>Lower explosion limit</b>     | NOT RELEVANT                      |
| <b>Partition coefficient</b>     | NOT AVAILABLE                     |
| <b>Autoignition temperature</b>  | NOT AVAILABLE                     |
| <b>Decomposition temperature</b> | NOT AVAILABLE                     |
| <b>Viscosity</b>                 | NOT AVAILABLE                     |
| <b>Explosive properties</b>      | NOT AVAILABLE                     |
| <b>Oxidising properties</b>      | NOT AVAILABLE                     |
| <b>Odour threshold</b>           | NOT AVAILABLE                     |

---

**10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

---

**10.1 Reactivity**

May be corrosive to metals.

**10.2 Chemical stability**

Stable under recommended conditions of storage.

**10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions**

Polymerization is not expected to occur.

**10.4 Conditions to avoid**

Avoid heat, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources.

**10.5 Incompatible materials**

Incompatible with oxidising agents (e.g. hypochlorites), alkalis (e.g. sodium hydroxide) and metals.

**10.6 Hazardous decomposition products**

May evolve toxic gases (chlorides) when heated to decomposition.

---

**11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

---

**11.1 Information on toxicological effects**

**Acute toxicity** Ingestion may result in severe burns of the mouth and throat, as well as a danger of perforation of the oesophagus and the stomach.

**Information available for the ingredients:**

| Ingredient        | Oral LD50        | Dermal LD50 | Inhalation LC50                               |
|-------------------|------------------|-------------|---|
| HYDROCHLORIC ACID | 2210 mg/kg (rat) | --          | 1108 ppm/1hr (human - respiratory irritation) |

**Skin** Causes severe burns. Contact may result in irritation, redness, pain, rash, dermatitis, blistering and severe burns. May cause discolouration of the skin. Effects may be delayed.

**Eye** Causes severe burns. Contact may result in irritation, lacrimation, pain, redness and corneal burns with possible serious eye damage.

**Sensitisation** Not classified as causing skin or respiratory sensitisation.

**Mutagenicity** Not classified as a mutagen.

**Carcinogenicity** Not classified as a carcinogen.

**Reproductive** Not classified as a reproductive toxin.

**STOT - single exposure** Over exposure may result in irritation of the nose and throat, coughing and bronchitis. High level exposure may result in intense thirst, ulceration, lung tissue damage, chemical pneumonitis and pulmonary oedema.

**STOT - repeated exposure** Not classified as causing organ damage from repeated exposure. Adverse effects are generally associated with single exposure.

**Aspiration** Not classified as causing aspiration.

**12. ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

**12.1 Toxicity**

Harmful effect due to pH shift. Discharge into the environment should be avoided.

**12.2 Persistence and degradability**

Expected to be rapidly biodegradable.

**12.3 Bioaccumulative potential**

Bioaccumulation is not expected.

**12.4 Mobility in soil**

If hydrochloric acid is spilled on soil, it will infiltrate. During its transport through soil, the acid will dissolve some of the soil material, in particular carbonates, and will be neutralised to some degree. However, significant amounts of acid are expected to remain for transport down to groundwater.

**12.5 Other adverse effects**

Avoid release to the environment.

**13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

**13.1 Waste treatment methods**

**Waste disposal** For small amounts (as determined by risk assessment or similar): Wearing the protective equipment detailed above, neutralise to pH 6-8 by SLOW addition to a saturated sodium bicarbonate solution or similar basic solution. Dilute with excess water and flush to drain. Waste disposal should only be undertaken in a well ventilated area. For larger amounts: Dispose in accordance with local regulations.

**Legislation** Dispose of in accordance with relevant local legislation.

**14. TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

CLASSIFIED AS A DANGEROUS GOOD BY THE CRITERIA OF THE ADG CODE



|                                    | LAND TRANSPORT (ADG)                                     | SEA TRANSPORT (IMDG / IMO)                               | AIR TRANSPORT (IATA / ICAO)                              |
|------------------------------------|--|--|--|
| <b>14.1 UN Number</b>              | 1760   | 1760   | 1760   |
| <b>14.2 Proper Shipping Name</b>   | CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(contains hydrochloric acid) | CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(contains hydrochloric acid) | CORROSIVE LIQUID, N.O.S.<br>(contains hydrochloric acid) |
| <b>14.3 Transport hazard class</b> | 8  | 8  | 8  |
| <b>14.4 Packing Group</b>          | II   | II   | II   |

**14.5 Environmental hazards**

Not a Marine Pollutant.

**14.6 Special precautions for user**

Hazchem code 2R  
 GTEPG 8A1  
 EmS F-A, S-B

**15. REGULATORY INFORMATION**

**15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture**

**Poison schedule** Classified as a Schedule 6 (S6) Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP).

**Classifications** Safe Work Australia criteria is based on the Globally Harmonised System (GHS) of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals (GHS Revision 7).

**Inventory listings** **AUSTRALIA: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals)**  
 All components are listed on AIIC, or are exempt.

**16. OTHER INFORMATION**

**Additional information** **RESPIRATORS:** In general the use of respirators should be limited and engineering controls employed to avoid exposure. If respiratory equipment must be worn ensure correct respirator selection and training is undertaken. Remember that some respirators may be extremely uncomfortable when used for long periods. The use of air powered or air supplied respirators should be considered where prolonged or repeated use is necessary.

**ACIDS:** When mixing acids with water (diluting), caution must be taken as heat will be generated which causes violent spattering. Always add a small volume of acid to a large volume of water, NEVER the reverse.

**PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT GUIDELINES:**  
 The recommendation for protective equipment contained within this report is provided as a guide only. Factors such as form of product, method of application, working environment, quantity used, product concentration and the availability of engineering controls should be considered before final selection of personal protective equipment is made.

**HEALTH EFFECTS FROM EXPOSURE:**  
 It should be noted that the effects from exposure to this product will depend on several factors including: form of product; frequency and duration of use; quantity used; effectiveness of control measures; protective equipment used and method of application. Given that it is impractical to prepare a report which would encompass all possible scenarios, it is anticipated that users will assess the risks and apply control methods where appropriate.

**Abbreviations**

|                   |   |
|-------------------|---|
| ACGIH             | American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists                                       |
| CAS #             | Chemical Abstract Service number - used to uniquely identify chemical compounds                 |
| CNS               | Central Nervous System  |
| EC No.            | EC No - European Community Number   |
| EMS               | Emergency Schedules (Emergency Procedures for Ships Carrying Dangerous Goods)                   |
| GHS               | Globally Harmonized System  |
| GTEPG             | Group Text Emergency Procedure Guide  |
| IARC              | International Agency for Research on Cancer   |
| LC50              | Lethal Concentration, 50% / Median Lethal Concentration   |
| LD50              | Lethal Dose, 50% / Median Lethal Dose   |
| mg/m <sup>3</sup> | Milligrams per Cubic Metre  |
| OEL               | Occupational Exposure Limit   |
| pH                | relates to hydrogen ion concentration using a scale of 0 (high acidic) to 14 (highly alkaline). |
| ppm               | Parts Per Million   |
| STEL              | Short-Term Exposure Limit   |
| STOT-RE           | Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)  |
| STOT-SE           | Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)  |
| SUSMP             | Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons                                    |
| SWA               | Safe Work Australia   |
| TLV               | Threshold Limit Value   |
| TWA               | Time Weighted Average   |

**Report status**

This document has been compiled by RMT on behalf of the manufacturer, importer or supplier of the product and serves as their Safety Data Sheet ('SDS').

It is based on information concerning the product which has been provided to RMT by the manufacturer, importer or supplier or obtained from third party sources and is believed to represent the current state of knowledge as to the appropriate safety and handling precautions for the product at the time of issue. Further clarification regarding any aspect of the product should be obtained directly from the manufacturer, importer or supplier.

While RMT has taken all due care to include accurate and up-to-date information in this SDS, it does not provide any warranty as to accuracy or completeness. As far as lawfully possible, RMT accepts no liability for any loss, injury or damage (including consequential loss) which may be suffered or incurred by any person as a consequence of their reliance on the information contained in this SDS.

**Prepared by**

Risk Management Technologies  
5 Ventnor Ave, West Perth  
Western Australia 6005  
Phone: +61 8 9322 1711  
Fax: +61 8 9322 1794  
Email: [info@rmt.com.au](mailto:info@rmt.com.au)  
Web: [www.rmtglobal.com](http://www.rmtglobal.com)

**[ End of SDS ]**